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WHAT THE PUBLIC LIKES

John Singer Sargent, Childe Has-Gallery of Art.

picture in the exhibition the public the sort of pictures they advocate. expressed its preference for works of Lydia Field Emmet, Marie Danforth Page, Ernest Lawson, and Wil-Ham M. Paxton. The Corcoran Gallery deserves highest praise for giving the public its chance to act as critic. Now that the public has performed its duty, and disagreed in every instance with the preference of the professional artists and critics who awarded the William A Clark prizes and the Corcoran medals, what does the popular vote

The easiest explanation would be that the public "knows what it likes" and cares not for artistic standards. We do not believe that is a true one. Rather it seems that the public refuses to be dazzled by names, and chooses to exercise an independent judgment. Artists say the public judgment was good. The artists the public voted for, if not so widely known, are conscientious and able men and women-or rather women and men, for the feminist movement semed to be strong with the amaeur critics.

The public, too, showed itself disinclined to art for art's sake. It seemed to consider the subject as much as the treatment of the subject. The child as a motif in art is as old as art itself, a woman and a child have eternal appeals to human up daughter have a like appeal. It been made throughout the distributsympathy, and a mother and a grownwas for these subjects, plus artistic treatment of them, that the public

It is good for the public to know what art connoisseurs think of pictures. There is a growing belief that it is just as good for the artists to know what the public, that public which, after all, shall determine whether their pictures will live as classics or die of neglect, thinks of their work.

GATHERING CAPITAL HISTORY

at to study the annals of in the progress of the country.

Strangely enough few histories have been written about Washington. long and dismal months the German There are too few folk here who re- newspapers have been obliged to engard their residence as permanent. list the services of the most eminent ditions of an earlier Washington der to get out papers with the right from their grandparents. But those sort of talk in them. Such crumbs ton long since formed an organiza- by the censor have too often of late tion which has performed an inesti- been of a character so offensive to mable service in digging into the native German pride as to be almost past for records of Washington. This worse than no news at all. It is organization is the Columbia His- small wonder that so many newspatorical Society. Nowhere is there to pers should have given up the strugbe found a richer store of fact and gle. To make bricks without straw anecdote, of reminiscence and record, is always discouraging, and when an than in the publications of this All-Highest demands that black shall

Capital, one by Dr. William Tindall, and a more pretentious and more recent one by W. B. Bryan, and a few volumes of chatty reminiscences like Francis E. Leupp's "Walks About Washington." But there are too few of these. In the years before they were written the Columbia Society was gathering papers and printing them, from men who could talk with authority about diverse phases of the Capital's past. The annual meeting of that society this week is an occasion when a community can well take

BETTER MOTION PICTURES

Promoters of the children's moor the screen.

ated club women have been advertis- months for delivery of heavy projecing their efforts to provide clean tiles in lots of any consequence. Defilms for children. They have not ficiency in munitions, like deficiency made one mistake, that made by in men, cannot be made up overmany who have sought to better the night. theater, of trying to popularize "educational" pictures. The appeal of the more than 60 per cent filled today?

sad experience, look askance upon averaging all the ships. Be the efforts to interfere with their stand- shortage in ammunition or in men, ards. They know what many of the the United States cannot go on for- fragists were starting their first page prove anything by a dead man. would be reformed do not, that the ever sending its fighting ships and drive

starting place for better pictures and their commanders into action so better plays is not with the producers, but with the public. Educate the public, they contend, and the proportions which sooner or later managers will give the public what must fall. t wants.

Such educational influence already Such amateur organizations as the Washington Square Players in New fit for business than his. All the York, the companies of the various little theaters in this country, and groups of drama league players, Must we persist in continuing to be have done more for the stage than all the gratuitous advice to, and get everything? criticism of, producers could accomplish.

Production of motion pictures offers certain technical and financial sam, Kenyon Cox, George Bellows, difficulties to amateurs. Those who and other brilliant stars of modern seek to better film plays must not art were represented in the sixth only prove that they need improving, annual exhibition of the Corcoran but must find some way, not hitherto discovered, of educating the motion In voting for the most popular picture fans into an appreciation of

THE NEWS IN GERMANY

The "General Secretary of the Association of German Newspaper Publishers" has recently issued a report in Berlin in which it is stated that from the middle of last May to the first of October twenty-six German daily newspapers suspended publication; this brings up the sum of daily newspapers suspended since the war began to the considerable number of 247. The report adds that during last summer twenty-six newspapers suspended publication temporarily, making a total of 313 since August 1, 1914. Of this number (either risen from the dead or from merely suspended animation) the report says that seven newspapers have resumed publication.

Such mortality among the German newspapers since the war began is the result of a combination of adverse circumstances. In all countries, even in the United States, the cost of print paper has increased enormously-practically doubled. In Germany this increase has been heavy, and the increase in the price of inks and oils has ranged from 30 to 800 per cent; cost of transportation, also, has increased proportionately-say 60 per cent. The labor cost for composition has remained the same, but a wage increase of 10 per cent has

ing agencies. All this has tended to make burdensome the lot of the newspaper publishers in Germany. But German efficiency would doubtless have been able to surmount all such material difficulties had not the great staple of newspapers failed them. Even in Germany newspapers are supposed to publish the news. So long as the German army was proceeding through Belgium and advancing in northern France the German newspapers had plain sailing and fair weather. Their pages re-Washington is unusually rich in verberated with heroic reports, the municipal history as well as in na- glittering exploits of the army at tional history. The two blend so Louvain, Termonde, Aerschot, and a dozen other towns one out the National Capital is to obtain a their faithful mirrors like the fires historical speaking acquaintance of Nibelheim; Germany over all; with the big men and the big events Germany could do anything she

chose: Germany was doing it. But we all know for how many There are too few who heard the tra- fiction writers in the country in orwho do know and who love Washing- of liberty as have been allowed them show white under lenses free from There are a few histories of the Teutonic clouding the work is hardly worth doing.

HOW LONG, O LORD, HOW LONG!

reer, now snatched momentarily be recalled the fiction work of other from oblivion by his obituaries, men who turned to writing for divershould sting Americans out of their sion after scoring success in other self-complacency. It is the fact that unrelated fields. Such were the cirwhen the commander who was to be cumstances of the literary output of the victor of Manila Bay led his fleet F. Hopkinson Smith and of Dr. Wier through the Strait of Corregidor his Mitchell. ships had in their magazines only 60 note of the valuable service it has per cent of the ammunition that potential literary stars there are Department had failed to equip the a conference of stomach specialists. Asiatic fleet to deliver the maximum blow of which it was capable.

This calls to mind the revelation tion picture matinee movement are within recent months that the defenabout to put their project to the acid sive forces of the United States had noted the pickets at the White House test-that is, to the box office test, ammunition enough all around to gate? That is the crucial moment for every last through only about an hour of enterprise in the direction of improv- intensive combat of the sort imposed ing the product of either the stage by modern warfare. And the recent applicewoman. bids for armor piercing shells stipu-For several months now the feder- lated from eleven to thirty-six

Are the magazines of our warships motion picture to the great body of And how much ammunition have we the public is not educational, but rec- in reserve? Solicitude on this subject is warranted, for the fleet is lit-Motion picture producers, from the better than 60 per cent manned,

hardicapped. To do so is to invite a national disaster of overwhelming

It in no way detracts from Admiral Dewey's bravery or his abroad in the realm of the stage. achievement to state the truth, which is that Montojo's fleet was less country's potential enemies would not prove so conveniently inefficient. a people who learn nothing and for-

SHALL CHURCH PROPERTY BE TAXED?

It is said that when Mr. Lincoln was advised to let the Southern States go in peace he replied: "But how are we going to raise our revenues if we let them go?" There is no means of proving that Mr. Lincoln ever said such a thing; but the present "powers that be" would like to know how they are going to raise the revenues if Congress keeps on making appropriations without providing the necessary means of meeting them.

A newspaper correspondent has struck a new lead which appears to not pretty, and I really like it. have been overlooked in the confusion of the times. He declares that "the exemption of church property from taxation is a denial of the fundamental truths of democratic government:" that "talk of the ethical and educational attributes claimed for the church is wholly beside the question;" that "it is not the business of the state to raise its revenues only from the baser elements of the population;" that "as its private citizens do not pay taxes in proportion to their lack of virtuous qualities, so neither should the institutions which enjoy state protection;" and that "our great philanthropists, scientists, inventors, and educators are not exempt from tax-ation on the ground of the great later supplements his diet from the free good they are doing."

Ten years ago, according to a special report then made by the United States - census, the value of the church property in this country was \$1,257,575,860. The report showed that in the course of the preceding six years there had been an increase of \$578,149,371 in the value of such property so that it would be found, probably, that the value of the church holdings amount now to something like two billion dollars, and in the present straitened circumstances of the country the authorities may be compelled to this new source for temporary relief. In resorting to this method of "raising the wind," however, the Congress will run the risk of raising such a hurricane of protests as has never threatened the Capitol. Will the Congress do it? Not if it can help it; not at least so long as the taxes can be piled on to persons having incomes and on those who have in-

CHANCE FOR THE SUPERAN-NUATED

One comforting thought for aspirfiction writers is that, though poets must begin young, and no one ever heard of a man turning poet in middle age, one can start almost any time to write novels.

There was William F. De Morgan, news of whose death comes from London today, who turned novelist at sixty-five and in the twelve years of his remaining life produced novels that not only became best sellers, but bid fair to claim enduring fame.

Poetry, the psychologists inform us, is the product of keen observation and strong emotional powers. Fiction ought to be, and not always is, the product of reflection and thought and experience. Hence the reasons for the age variance among the producers of the two types of literature is apparent.

Side by side with the widely known "Joseph Vance," and the "Somehow Good" and "It Never Can One point in Admiral Dewey's ca- Happen Again" of De Morgan, can

One sometimes wonders how many should have been there. The Navy among a convention of architects or

"American women are good looking and clever, but not strong physically," remarks a Viennese lecturer. Has this speaker seen a suffrage parade or

Washington at least gets on the political side lines with its national

A lingerie thief is reported in south-

"Cupid enters the White House,"
says a headline. Suffragists ought to

That leaps down hill
Playfully, wildly chattering.
But they are of the hill a part,
Unmoving, rooted eternally,
as the sign up Dan, and the sentinels would Holding as firmly as the roots of the

not have to wait out on the sidewalk. this country was selling to Europe would not go off, are now regarded in the neighborhood of north large. Reports that the ammunition which in the neighborhood of north Jersey To eternity. as grossly exaggerated.

It was rather unkind of Harry K. Thaw to intervene just as the suf-

Column

the first thing to learn is that there is one striking exception to the general rule that all women have foibles And that striking exception is the particular woman who is, at the time, telling you all about the foibles of women

Conventional Brooklyn. Sir: Y. W. C. A., Schermerhorn and

Flatbush, Brooklyn. Outside a poster WOMEN MUST WEAR CLOTHES.

G. L. informs us that Dr. N. G. Slaughter is a physician at Athens,

Says an ad in the New York Times: Found-Half Dalmatian male dog Call Bide-a-Wee, 410 East 38th St." M. R. alleges himself to be anxious bout the other half.

WHO THEY ARE,

Sir: I am the girl who clings to a strap in the subway in front of two men occupying seat-space for three I belong to the clinging sex and I am

The Duke of Aosti, it seems, is to be seated upon the throne of Grece. We do not wish to discourage any young monarch at the oftset of his career, but before we sat down heavlly on that throne we'd take a look

French Without a Struggle. Sir: How's this for French withut a struggle:

From "The Lay of the Last Minstrel," by Walter Scott, Canto II., verse IX.: "The keystone that locked each Was fleur-de-lys or a

feuille."

Sonnet. FRECKLES: And so the boss has tried EDDIE:

To gut me down. I'm all cut FRECKLES:

EDDIE:

I do not doubt it. The devil can I live in this here town On fifteen per?

FRECKLES: There's many live without it; But I'm not saying that to preach, old

Makes me so sore. I'm mad enough to crown Those guys who sit in swivel chairs They own the earth.

FRECKLES: And, Gosh! It seems they do No wonder it drove Old Bill Brown to drink. EDDIE:

No wonder! Say, did they cut him down, too? FRECKLES

. . . eh? . . . speak . . . EDDIE: For fifteen? I can borrow that a week!

Not every woman in old slippers

can manage to look like Cinderella.

What Are Your Dreams! Sir: Your column is always spring ing something calculated to lend to the gayety of nations-why not get contributors to send in the horrible stuff they dream? I pledge you my word I dreamed, happily at different

times, the following: First:- (This was years before the present war.) I dreamed I was serv-ing in a war and attached to the commanding general's staff. He came into the tent and told me to write a dispatch, which he hoped would not get into the hands of our enemy. I placed Forty Sermons on Job. my paper on a drum head and began to write at his dictation; suddenly I mother's side came to the United stopped and said, "General, wait a States in 1820, walked from Baltiminute, I can't write that on this drum!" "Why not," asked the gen-eral. "Because," I replied, "it is a

snare drum!" Second:-(While railroad building a West Virginia town in the coal fields.) The hogs in this town roamed the streets at will. One day a town ordered, he could not be other than sergeant was elected, and it was his duty to impound the hogs, provided that in his case at least the doctrine he could catch thein. I dreamed this: That town sergeant should be called

"Because he is the hog collarer." I have always been a vile punster, but what do these dreams portend?

A man may pretend to a certain in teresting wickedness in order to cap-ture a woman. And be compelled to practice it—to escape her.

Mountain Graves. On the hill they sleep A multitude of dead, Gathered in eternal rest. They are neighbors To a sea of waving corn, To wide orchards that rustle And bend beneath the golden fruit, Quiet, curious cows west Washington. Major, page the Raise their heavy heads And rest them on the wall,

> stones. They who sleep Are neighbors to a merry brook,

> mountains. They who are like the dust of the highway

-Henry Goodman. The leak investigation may still be

DON MARQUIS.

In the News

An enterprising physician down South has advertised that he "makes artificial legs that will give as good satisfaction as any legs made; in fact, better as they imitate nature better than any other leg." The price is \$50, and as an inducement the doctor "will give one leg in every twenty free until July, 1917."

Nature is being crowded off the board steadily, and will be in the position of Othello if this sort of thing keeps up. A scientist out on the Pacific has discovered the way of makout protoplasms, and a distinguished Senator said the other night that it would be practicable at small expense for every man with an electric plant in his house to make all the liquor he wanted for home consumption, and that every forward-looking man would prepare for the worst.

Strategical Move.

Much has been said in these militaristic times about matters of strategy; but no finer example of pure strategy has been given in recent years than the course adopted by the military company, which, when it appeared that it might be called upon to go to the frontier, promptly disbanded, and that was the end of that. A story is told of an older strategical movement by a somewhat famous or ganization in West Virginia "endurin of the wah, sah." The Yankees had appeared in rather surprising strength near by, and the colonel, or whatever his rank, it doesn't matter, called his are coming, and that they are right over there beyond that hill. You go over there and count 'em, and ef we

Chompson of Colorado.

Huston Thompson is one of At orney General Gregory's most capable assistants. He came here from Colorado, although not a native of that State. He was educated at Princeton and is one of the Presiace high in the recent campaign.
When he was in college he made a great record in the football field birds. arations of Presbyterian ministers on so that it will be seen that he could not have helped it—the distinctions that have come to him, the places of responsibility he has filled with fi-delity, the hold he has on his friends—as it was all "foreordained before the foundation of the world." It must be admitted, however, that he might have been very different if it had not been for himself; that is to say, if he could have helped that. To think otherwise would be to admit his free agency, and that would be heterodoxy. Just here the water is getting rathe deep, and it would be better to swim for the shore where Thompson has placed his feet on solid ground.

A Famous Sermon.

As noted, for five generations Mr Thompson's paternal ancestors have been Presbyterian preachers. They were all educated at the University preached in succession from the sal pulpit in Donegal, Ireland, for 155 years, and his father has been preaching in the United States for fifty-two His father came to the United States in 1862, was educated at Prince United States sanitary commission at Charleston in 1865, was sick of fever in the hospital at the Soldiers' Hor in Washington the same year and will never forget that while he was confined to his cot in this hospital Mr Lincoln passed through his ward and The father is still living and is really better loking than this handsome son Toward the end of the disagreement over fifty years ago the elder Thomp son preached a very striking sermon in Washington from the text: "Ye shall hear of wars and rumors of war," etc., and if he were like some of the present day prophets he could claim that he saw the trouble coming in Europe fifty years ago.

Mr. Thompson's grandfather on his mother's side came to the United more to Pittsburgh, and there established a chain of grocery stores which he managed with much suc cess. One of his ancestors fought for the colonies throughout the Revoutionary war, and, even were it so of predestination has been justified of men, at least of the very god man known as Huston Thompson. ought to be noted that, besides being a very capable lawyer and efnomic questions, Mr. Thompson holds the record in this community of hav-ing spoken for forty consecutive Sunfective speaker on political and ecodays on the Book of Job, and without repeating himself or exhausting his subject.

A Case Just Decided. As proof of Thompson's profes

sional efficiency, the mail "divisor" case, decided by the United States Supreme Court last Monday, may be noted. In this case the sum of \$35,-000,000 was involved, the railroads claiming that the Government owed them that much as additional compensation for carrying the mails in the years from 1907 to 1916. The To gaze in silence upon the marking claim was presented to the Court Claims, where it was argued by Mr. Thompson. Winning there, he hung on for the Government when appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, which affirmed the court below, the Supreme Court standing four justices for and four against the decision of the Court of Claims. It was close decision, but the issues volved were very close ones, and the judgment of the Supreme Court is said to have been without parallel in the history of that great tribunal. If Mr. Thompson had as much money as he has saved to the Government in this one case, he would have to pay an income tax of something like may still be an income tax of something like sional Performers'" night for Jan-skull. He died later at Emergency Hos-No one, at \$500,000 annually, which shows, in a uary 26. According to the advance pital. Coroner Nevitt issued a certificate THE COMMENTATOR.

Don Marquis' Here and There BAND, CAUSES FUROR GASOLENE GOES UP AT POULTRY EXHIBIT

lights Feathered Principals at Opening Night of Show.

While a big Boy Scout Band of fifty-three pieces blared out the notes of a popular march, while cocks crew and hens cackled and pigeons ran up and down their cages as if trying to keep time with the music ed gravely up and down the long rows of chicken cages and surveyed the occupants with jealous eyes, the second session of the Nationa Capital Poultry and Pigeon Associa

tion poultry show began last night. Do chickens like music? Before the band started playing all was contentment as contentment among the Big roosters and little roost ers, thin hens and fat hens, walked gravely up and down in their small coops, showing themselves off to their best advantage

Band Causes Furer. With the first notes every chicken aused in her task of showing off. t sounded as if every rooster thought thought she had laid an egg and was proclaiming the fact to the world in the usual manner. Dignified roosters lost their dignity, and ran madly up and down through the cackling hens.

Wirginia range from ½ to 1½ cents higher than in Washington. North Carolina pay a cent more, Georgia from 1½ to 3 cents more, and Alsbama from 1½ to 5 cents more than the District, for "gas."

Okiaham When the music stopped the chick-ens didn't. They kept on for some time afterward, and when they did cease, they kept one bright eye cock-ed toward the direction of the band. determined not to be surprised a sec

ond time.

To a layman, one who knows chick ens only as chickens, the poultry show is a revelation, and there's a new surprise at every coop.

Rare Varieties.

The White Crested Black Polish probably attract as much attention as any of the birds at the show. These dent's most loyal friends. He has made good in his work before the huge fowls, coal black except for the courts, and as a spellbinder he was waving plume, are not seen often. They are comparatively rare in the United States, and are very valuable The Buff Laced Polish, another of

standing for excellent attainments. It the variety, gives the visitor another could not have been otherwise, as shock. These birds, speckled gray scholastic blood is in his veins, com- and white, have small heads, which ing as he does from ancient Celtic are covered with plumes hanging stock of high degree, from five gendown over the face. down over the face.

The Black Minorcas, beautifully

his father's side, and of equally de-vout folk on his maternal side, his said to be particularly fine layers, mother having been of the McIlwaines: While not so well known in the East, poultry raisers.

Many Poultry Fans,

It was amusing to watch the different poultry enthusiasts as they tood by the cages. One young man stood before the coop of Orpingtons for fully half an hour, waiting for the

The majority of the visitors were evidently farmers. Many of them, showing large and unmistakable spots of mud on their trousers, were walking demonstrations of the fact that farmers will come miles to a city, over muddy roads and behind a slow horse, just to get a good look at first

Over the end of the room in which pigeons were kept, was strung a huge of Glasgow. Three of their number banner. It proclaimed in letters three feet high that America should prepare—and when the visitor expected to see some plan for compulsory mili-tary training in the United States he was surprised to read that homwas attached as chaplain to the ing pigeons are nearly indispensable in time of war.

Government Exhibit.

Uncle Sam was right on hand with some exhibits, too. Model chicken houses, complete in every detail, down to the tiny spring which shuts the trap-door leading into the poultry yard, gave the visitor a chance see scientific chicken raising methods, which the Government has been learning. There were also large poultry yards with patent nests which shut in the unsuspecting hen and confine her until she lays an egg. New kinds of chicken feed and remedies were also on exhibition, and every farmer and poultry raiser who left that show last night did so with the feeling that he knew lots more about poultry than before coming. More than half the prizes ha been already awarded. The remainder will be made before Saturday.

STUDY HOME ECONOMICS

Nation and State Co-operating in

Investigating Conditions. Because of the movement fostered by home and school associations and other civic organizations to have home economics taught more widely It in the Washington schools, a bulletin just issued by, the United States Bureau of Education, is attracting wide

of what various States are doing in the teaching of this subject, and especially the specific ends toward which

The program submitted by the Connecticut education board is cited as a comprehensive one. It includes: Training girls for the duties of life. which, in about 90 per cent of the cases, means marriage. Correlating brain activity with hand

activity. Emphasizing home making as a pro-The California ideals are outlined as

"To be careful spenders. "To simplify the time and labor spent in the kitchen. "To have a working knowledge of food values, and to choose food wisely. "To dress simply, yet artistically

TAFT TO VISIT PRESS CLUB. Arrangements are being made at

and inexpensively."

the National Press Club for the reception of former President Taft, who will visit the club Friday even immediately after his lecture before National Geographic Society. The club also announced a "Congres considered in its infancy. No one, at \$500,000 annually, which shows, in a uary 26. According to the atvance the time this is written, has tried to way, how much he was worth to the notices, "every number will be a feather stephen and lived with the father stephen Anderson was ture, and every feature will be a feather stephen Anderson was ture, and every feature will be a feather stephen Anderson was ture, and every feature will be a feather stephen Anderson was anothing by a dead man. knockout."

AGAIN IN CAPITAL

Boy Scout Organization De- Price Ts Advanced to Twentyone Cents a Gallon by Most Wholesalers.

> Gasolene is going up again. Announcements were made today by ompanies furnishing a large part of the "gas" to Washington that the

> ed from 20 to 21 cents. Inadequate shipping facilities and an increase in the cost of crude oil are among the reasons assigned, by the agencies here, for the raise in

Washington dealers, most of whom have been selling gasolene at cost price have no alternative except to boost the retail price. Dealers pointed out today that most of them did not attempt to make a profit on "gas," preferring to sell it at cost as business producer in repair and accessory

Although Washington is in for a higher price, there is a consoling rose with the thorn. Boston is paying 3 cents more per gallon than District

companies' announcement, the mere fact of propinquity to source has not held down the price and Oklahomans have to pay a cent a gallon more than users of the product in Washington.

WHAT'S ON PROGRAM Many Interesting Events of Import-

ance Are Scheduled. Today. Meeting, Elizabeth Cady Stanton Suffrage

Club, Public Library, 8 p. m. Meeting, Pocahonta Hotel Bellevue, 4:30 p. m. Address, Dr. Willard S. Small, before Jeffer son Community Center Association, Jeffer

Address, Dr. Willard S. Small, before Jefferson Community Center Association, Jefferson School, 8 p. m.

Illustrated lecture, "Ambrine," a newly developed treatment for burns, Miss Elaje DeWolfe, for the benefit of ambulance service in European war, Playhouse, 1841 N street northwest, afternoon.

Meeting, Junior League, Flynn's Hall, 2 p. m. Meeting, Junior League, Flynn's Hall, 2 p. m. Meeting, membership committee of the Washington Athletic Club, Union Savings Bank building, 3 p. m.

Meeting, Real Estate Brekers' Association, New Ebbitt, 5 p. m.

Demonstration of memory system, Joseph Arthur, Y. M. C. A., 8 p. m.

Lecture, "The Psychology of Color," Miss Louise Cutts Powell, Hotel Portland, 5 p. m. Annual meeting, Commercial Club, of Washington, clubhouse, Farragut Square, 8 p. m.

Organ recital, H. H. Freeman, under guspless of the Washington Society of the Fins Aris, St. John's Church, 4: 6 p. m.

Ladies' Night, Oyster Club of the Elks' Lodge, in Lodge rooms, 5 p. m.

Lecture, "Thrift," Milton W. Harrison, before Washington Chapter of the American Institute of Banking, Raleigh, 5 p. m.

Celebration of the birthday anniversaries of General Robert E. Lee and Lieut, General T. J. (Stonewall) Jackson, under auspless of the Camp, No. 171, United Confederate Veterans, Mt. Vernon Place M. E. Church, South, 5 p. m.

Meeting, Aquarium Society of Washington, Zoological Laboratory of George Washington University, 205 G street northwest, 5 p. m.

Dance, Immaculate Club, in ball room, Eighth and N streets northwest, 5 p. m.

p. m.
Dance. Immaculate Ciub, in ball room,
Eighth and N streets northwest, 5 p. m.
Meeting, committee on parks and reservations. Washington Board of Trade, board
rooms, 4:15 p. m.
Day of prayer for national prohibition, National Woman's Christian Temperance
Union, First Congregational Church, 15 s.
m. to 4 p. m.

international forestry conference and ann meeting of the American Forestry Association, tenth floor, New Willard, 19 a.m. Washington Lutherans' raily in commemo Washington Lutherans' rally in commemoration of the quadri-centennial of the reformation, St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Eleventh and H streets northwest, 7:20 p. m.
Eastern Star-Kester, No. 5.
Odd Fellows-Columbia, No. 18; Covenant,
No. 12.
Robekah Lodges-Friendship, No. 2.
Knights of Pythias-Franklin, No. 2.
Fythian Sisters-Past Chiefs' Association
monthly meeting.
National Union-National, No. 29, Mt. Vernon, No. 431.

Amusements. National—William Gilletts, in "A Successful Calamity." 8:39 p. m. Belasco—"Experience," 8:15 p. m. Ketth's—Vaudeville, 2:15 and 8:15 p. m. Poil's—"Little Woman," 8:15 and 8:15 p. m. Gayety—Burlesque, 2:15 and 8:15 p. m. Loew's Columbia—Motion picturess, 10:39 a. m. to 11 p. m. m. to 11 p. m.
Strand-Photoplays, 10 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
Garden-Photoplays, 10 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Tomorrow.

Concert, United States Soldiers' Home Band Orchestra. Stanlers Hall, 6:20 p. m.
Address, "The Progressive World Struggle of the Jews for Civil Equality. Will This War Help?." Prof. William Heward Taft. before National Geographic Society, Masonic Temple, 4:20 and 8:15 p. m.
Meeting, Henry D. Cooks Home and School Association, Henry D. Cooks School, 8 p. m.
Latt night, National Press Club, 9:30 p. m.
Lecture, "The Vibrations of Famous Statesmen, Past and Present," Miss Louise Cutts Powell, Hotel Portland, 8 p. m. D. m. Meeting, Federal Watchmen's Union, No. 14,964, Moose Hall, Seventh and G streets northwest, 7:39 p. m. Meeting, Ladies' Sewing Circle of the District of Columbia Belgian Relief Society, Woodward Building, 5 p. m. Meeting, Federal Employes' Union, with address by Assistant Secretary of Labor Louis F. Post, National Riffes' Armory, Louis F. Freet, Sp. in.
Meeting. Petworth Rose Society, at home of J. F. Daly, 4324 Eighth street northwest, 7:20 p. in.
Address, "How to Save in House Planning, F. V. Murphy, before Housekeepers," Alliance, Theodorus Bailey Myers, Mason House, 1806 Twentieth street northwest.

Friday Morning Music Club, Raleigh dusicale, Friday Monthly Manie Crub, Rategy Hotel, II a. m. Celebration of birthday anniversaries of Generals Lee and Jackson, under Auspices of Camp No. III, United Confederate Veterans, Mt. Vernon M. E. Church South, 8 p. m. Iasonio-Royal Arch Chapters-Capital, No 11: Mount Pleasant, o. 13, school of in struction

struction.

Knights Templar Commanderies-Columbia,

No. 2. No. 2.

Eastern Star Chapters—Martha. No. 4; Ascension, No. 30 and East Gate, No. 21.
Odd Felows—Central. No. 1; Metropoils, No. 16; Phoenix, No. 23.
Encampment—Mageneu, No. 4.
Rebekah Lodges—Mariam, No. 6.
Knights of Pythians—Syracusians, No. 10.
Pythian Sisters—Rathbone Temple, No. 8.
Meeting, Political Study Club, headquarters of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, 1825. Rhode Island avenus northwest, 2 p. m.

of the National American Woman Suffrage Association. 1855 Rhode Island avenus northwest, 2 p. m. Meeting, Grade Teachers' Association, Busi-ness High School, 2-65 p. m. Hiustrated lecture, "Japan," L. H. Dewey, before Petworth Home and School Associa-tion, Petworth School building, 8 p. m. Address, "Shakespeare From the Viewpoint of a Lawyer," Senator Thomas Sterling, before the Shakespeare Society of America, Cairo, 8 p. m.

WORKMAN FALLS TO DEATH. Walter S. Anderson, 1109 Clifton street northwest, while working on a scaffel in the rear of 1228 B street southwest vesterday fell and suffered a fractured

his father, Stephen Anderson